United States District Court Eastern District of Michigan Southern Division

United States of America,

V.

Case No. 17-20775

Anthony Marrocco,

Defendant.

Plea Agreement

The United States of America and the defendant, Anthony

Marrocco, have reached a plea agreement under Federal Rule of

Criminal Procedure 11. The plea agreement's terms are:

1. Count of Conviction

The defendant will plead guilty to Count 3 of the First Superseding Indictment. Count 3 charges the defendant with Attempted Extortion under 18 U.S.C. § 1951.

2. Statutory Minimum and Maximum Penalties

The defendant understands that the counts to which he is pleading guilty carry the following minimum and maximum statutory penalties:

Count 3	Term of imprisonment:	Up to 20 years
	Fine:	Up to \$250,000
	Term of supervised release:	Up to 3 years

3. Agreement to Dismiss Remaining Charges

If the Court accepts this agreement and imposes sentence consistent with its terms, the United States Attorney's Office for the Eastern District of Michigan will move to dismiss any remaining charges in the First Superseding Indictment against the defendant in this case.

4. Elements of Count of Conviction

The elements of Count 3 are: First, the defendant wrongfully obtained or attempted to obtain money or property from another person with that person's consent. Second, the defendant acted under color of official right. And third, the action did or would have interfered with or affected interstate commerce.

5. Factual Basis

The parties agree that the following facts are true, accurately describe the defendant's role in the offense, and provide a sufficient factual basis for the defendant's guilty plea:

Between 1993 and the end of 2016, Anthony Marrocco was the Commissioner of the Public Works Department for Macomb County, Michigan. During this time, Marrocco held political fundraisers, including an annual dinner, where proceeds of the events would go to his campaign or political action committee accounts.

Developer A was the owner or part owner of multiple companies that performed work in Macomb County and elsewhere.

In April 2016, Marrocco attempted to receive money from

Developer A through action under color of official right. More
specifically, Marrocco sought to pressure Developer A to purchase
tickets to Marrocco's fundraiser by indicating that Developer A's permit
applications to the Macomb County Public Works Department would be
delayed or denied. To accomplish this, Marrocco communicated to a
person doing business with Developer A to tell him that Developer A
must purchase separate tickets for Marrocco's fundraiser dinner
(commensurate with Developer A's different companies) or Developer
A's permits would not be approved.

The parties agree that the work that Developer A's companies performed affected interstate commerce.

6. Advice of Rights

The defendant has read the First Superseding Indictment, has discussed the charges and possible defenses with his attorney, and understands the crimes charged. The defendant understands that, by pleading guilty, he is waiving many important rights, including the following:

- A. The right to plead not guilty and to persist in that plea;
- B. The right to a speedy and public trial by jury;
- C. The right to be represented by counsel—and, if necessary, have the court appoint counsel—at trial;
- D. The right to be presumed innocent and to require the government to prove the defendant guilty beyond a reasonable doubt at trial;
- E. The right to confront and cross-examine adverse witnesses at trial;
- F. The right to testify or not to testify at trial, whichever the defendant chooses;

- G. If the defendant chooses not to testify at trial, the right to have the jury informed that it may not treat that choice as evidence of guilt;
- H. The right to present evidence or not to present evidence at trial, whichever the defendant chooses; and
- I. The right to compel the attendance of witnesses at trial.

7. Collateral Consequences of Conviction

The defendant understands that his conviction here may carry additional consequences under federal or state law. The defendant understands that, if he is not a United States citizen, his conviction here may require him to be removed from the United States, denied citizenship, and denied admission to the United States in the future.

The defendant further understands that the additional consequences of his conviction here may include, but are not limited to, adverse effects on the defendant's immigration status, naturalized citizenship, right to vote, right to carry a firearm, right to serve on a jury, and ability to hold certain licenses or to be employed in certain fields. The defendant understands that no one, including the defendant's attorney or the Court, can predict to a certainty what the additional consequences of

the defendant's conviction might be. The defendant nevertheless affirms that the defendant chooses to plead guilty regardless of any immigration or other consequences from his conviction.

8. Defendant's Guideline Range

A. Court's Determination

The Court will determine the defendant's guideline range at sentencing.

B. Acceptance of Responsibility

The government recommends under Federal Rule of Criminal Procedure 11(c)(1)(B) that the defendant receive a two-level reduction for acceptance of responsibility under USSG § 3E1.1(a). Further, if the defendant's offense level is 16 or greater and the defendant is awarded the two-level reduction under USSG § 3E1.1(a), the government recommends that the defendant receive an additional one-level reduction for acceptance of responsibility under USSG § 3E1.1(b). If, however, the government learns that the defendant has engaged in any conduct inconsistent with acceptance of responsibility—including, but not limited to, making any false statement to, or withholding information from, his probation officer; obstructing justice in any way;

denying his guilt on the offense to which he is pleading guilty; committing additional crimes after pleading guilty; or otherwise demonstrating a lack of acceptance of responsibility as defined in USSG § 3E1.1—the government will be released from its obligations under this paragraph, will be free to argue that the defendant not receive any reduction for acceptance of responsibility under USSG § 3E1.1, and will be free to argue that the defendant receive an enhancement for obstruction of justice under USSG § 3C1.1.

C. Other Guideline Recommendations

The parties also recommend under Federal Rule of Criminal Procedure 11(c)(1)(B) that the following guideline provisions apply:

• USSG § 2C1.1(a)(1) and (b)(3), because the defendant was an elected public official;

The parties also recommend under Federal Rule of Criminal Procedure 11(c)(1)(B) that the following guideline provisions do not apply:

• An increase under USSG § 2C1.1(b)(2) and USSG § 2B1.1 because the value of the payment to the defendant did not exceed \$6,500.

The parties have no other recommendations as to the defendant's guideline calculation.

D. Factual Stipulations for Sentencing Purposes

The parties have no additional factual stipulations for sentencing purposes.

E. Parties' Obligations

Both the defendant and the government agree not to take any position or make any statement that is inconsistent with any of the guideline recommendations or factual stipulations in paragraphs 8.B, 8.C, or 8.D. Neither party is otherwise restricted in what it may argue or present to the Court as to the defendant's guideline calculation.

F. Not a Basis to Withdraw

The defendant understands that he will have no right to withdraw from this agreement or withdraw his guilty plea if he disagrees, in any way, with the guideline range determined by the Court, even if that guideline range does not incorporate the parties' recommendations or factual stipulations in paragraphs 8.B, 8.C, or 8.D. The government likewise has no right to withdraw from this agreement if it disagrees with the guideline range determined by the Court.

9. Imposition of Sentence

A. Court's Obligation

The defendant understands that in determining his sentence, the Court must calculate the applicable guideline range at sentencing and must consider that range, any possible departures under the sentencing guidelines, and the sentencing factors listed in 18 U.S.C. § 3553(a), and apply any applicable mandatory minimums.

B. Imprisonment

1. Agreement

Under Federal Rule of Criminal Procedure 11(c)(1)(C), the parties agree that:

The defendant's sentence of imprisonment on Count 3 may not exceed 16 months. The parties believe that the guideline range in this case is 18-24 months based on a Total Offense Level of 15 and a Criminal History Category of I. The government believes that a three-level variance is warranted in light of the defendant's age, health, and death of an important government cooperating witness. This variance would make the guideline range 10-16 months. The parties therefore agree to a sentence that would not exceed 16 months.

2. Limited Right to Withdraw

If the Court rejects the agreement by deciding to impose a sentence of imprisonment on Count 3 higher than permitted by paragraph 9.B.1, the defendant will be permitted to withdraw his guilty plea. That is the only reason the defendant may withdraw his guilty plea. If the defendant decides not to withdraw his guilty plea in those circumstances, the defendant agrees that the Court may impose a sentence on Count 3 higher than permitted by paragraph 9.B.1 and that all other provisions in this agreement will remain in effect.

C. Supervised Release

There is no recommendation or agreement as to the term of supervised release.

D. Fines

There is no recommendation or agreement as to a fine.

E. Restitution

The Court must order restitution to every identifiable victim of the defendant's offense. The parties agree that restitution is not applicable given the circumstances of this attempt offense.

F. Special Assessment

The defendant understands that he will be required to pay a special assessment of \$100, due immediately upon sentencing.

10. Appeal Waiver

The defendant waives any right he may have to appeal his conviction on any grounds. If the defendant's sentence of imprisonment does not exceed 16 months, the defendant also waives any right he may have to appeal his sentence on any grounds.

11. Collateral Review Waiver

The defendant retains the right to raise claims alleging ineffective assistance of counsel or prosecutorial misconduct, as long as the defendant properly raises those claims by collateral review under 28 U.S.C. § 2255. The defendant also retains the right to pursue any relief permitted under 18 U.S.C. § 3582(c), as long as the defendant properly files a motion under that section. The defendant, however, waives any other right he may have to challenge his conviction or sentence by collateral review, including, but not limited to, any right he may have to challenge his conviction or sentence on any grounds under 28 U.S.C. § 2255 (except for properly raised ineffective assistance of counsel or

prosecutorial misconduct claims, as described above), 28 U.S.C. § 2241, or Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 59 or 60.

12. Consequences of Withdrawal of Guilty Plea or Vacation of Judgment

If the defendant is allowed to withdraw his guilty plea, or if the defendant's conviction or sentence under this agreement is vacated, the government may reinstate any charges against the defendant that were dismissed as part of this agreement and may file additional charges against the defendant relating, directly or indirectly, to any of the conduct underlying the defendant's guilty plea or any relevant conduct. If the government reinstates any charges or files any additional charges as permitted by this paragraph, the defendant waives his right to challenge those charges on the ground that they were not filed in a timely manner, including any claim that they were filed after the limitations period expired.

13. Parties to Plea Agreement

This agreement does not bind any government agency except the United States Attorney's Office for the Eastern District of Michigan.

14. Scope of Plea Agreement

This plea agreement is the complete agreement between the parties and supersedes any other promises, representations, understandings, or agreements between the parties concerning the subject matter of this agreement that were made at any time before the guilty plea is entered in court. Thus, no oral or written promises made by the government to the defendant or to the attorney for the defendant at any time before the defendant pleads guilty are binding except to the extent they have been explicitly incorporated into this plea agreement. If the parties have entered, or subsequently enter, into a written proffer or cooperation agreement, though, this plea agreement does not supersede or abrogate the terms of that agreement. This plea agreement also does not prevent any civil or administrative actions against the defendant, or any forfeiture claim against any property, by the United States or any other party.

Acceptance of Agreement by Defendant

The government may withdraw from this agreement at any time before the defendant pleads guilty.

Dawn N. Ison United States Attorney

David A. Gardey

Chief, Public Corruption & Civil

Rights Unit

Assistant United States

Attorney

Dated: 9/14/2022

Steven P. Cares

Assistant United States

Attorney

By signing below, the defendant and his attorney agree that the defendant has read or been read this entire document, has discussed it with his attorney, and has had a full and complete opportunity to confer with his attorney. The defendant further agrees that he understands this entire document, agrees to its terms, has had all of his questions answered by his attorney, and is satisfied with his attorney's advice and representation.

Defendant

Steve Fishman

Attorney for Defendant

Dated: 9/15/22